# Pegcetacoplan (EMPAVELI)

## Goal(s):

- Restrict use to OHP-funded conditions and according to OHP guidelines for use.
- Promote use that is consistent with national clinical practice guidelines and medical evidence.
- Restrict use to FDA-approved indications.

## **Length of Authorization:**

Up to 12 months

## **Requires PA:**

• EMPAVELI (pegcetacoplan) pharmacy and physician administered claims

## **Covered Alternatives:**

- Current PMPDP preferred drug list per OAR 410-121-0030 at www.orpdl.org
- Searchable site for Oregon FFS Drug Class listed at www.orpdl.org/drugs/

Approval Criteria			
1. What diagnosis is being treated?	Record ICD10 code.		
2. Is this an FDA approved indication?	Yes: Go to #3	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness	
3. Is the diagnosis funded by OHP?	<b>Yes:</b> Go to #4	No: For current age ≥ 21 years: Pass to RPh. Deny; not funded by the OHP  For current age < 21 years: Go to #4	
4. Is there documentation that the condition is of sufficient severity that it impacts the patient's health (e.g., quality of life, function, growth, development, ability to participate in school, perform activities of daily living, etc)?	Yes: Go to #5	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical necessity.	
5. Is this request for continuation of therapy?	Yes: Go to Renewal Criteria	<b>No:</b> Go to # 6	

Approval Criteria				
6. Has the patient been vaccinated against Streptococcus pneumoniae, Haemophilus influenzae type B, and Neisseria meningitidis serogroups A, C, W, and Y and serogroup B according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practice (ACIP) recommendations for vaccination in patients with complement deficiencies?	<b>Yes:</b> Go to #7	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness		
Note: Prescribing information recommends vaccination at least 2 weeks prior to starting therapy. If the risk of delaying therapy outweighs the risk of developing a serious infection, a 2-week course of antibiotic prophylaxis must be immediately initiated if vaccines are administered less than 2 weeks before starting complement therapy.				
7. Is the diagnosis for an adult (age 18 years or older) with Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria?	Yes: Approve for 12 months	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness		

Renewal Criteria		
Is there objective documentation of treatment benefit from baseline?	Yes: Approve for 12 months	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness
Appropriate measures will vary by indication (e.g., hemoglobin stabilization, decreased transfusions, symptom improvement, functional improvement, etc.).	Document baseline assessment and physician attestation received.	

P&T/DUR Review: 2/23 (DM); 12/21 Implementation: 1/1/22